# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

# **DECEMBER 31, 2016**

	Page <u>Number</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	1 – 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 - 8
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	9
Statement of Activities	10
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund	15
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	16
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	17
Notes to Financial Statements	18 – 37

# TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Page <u>Number</u>
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	38
Schedule of Employer Contributions	39
Notes to Schedule of Employer Contributions	40
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	41 - 48
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	49 – 56
Agency Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	57 – 59
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	60 – 61
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance	62 – 63
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	64
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	65
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	66
Summary of Prior Audit Findings	67







#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Jasper County, Texas

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jasper County, Texas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jasper County, Texas, as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Texas County and District Retirement System, and the Schedule of Employer Contributions – Texas County and District Retirement System for the Employees of Jasper County, Texas, to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Jasper County, Texas' basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2017, on our consideration of the Jasper County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Jasper County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Waco, Texas

September 29, 2017



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Jasper County, Texas (the "County") Financial Report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the primary government for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's total net position increased by \$679,948 (1.4%) over the course of this year's operations.
- The total government-wide assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2016, by \$50,094,489 reported as total net position of the primary government. Of this amount, \$6,899,569 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$5,739,778 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position), and \$37,455,142 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- As of December 31, 2016, the County governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$11,514,184, which represents a 12% increase from the prior year.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of the following three components: 1) governmental-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide Financial Statements** are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all County assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and liabilities, with the difference representing net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information that indicates how net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or in part a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, judicial, legal, public facilities, public safety, health and welfare, conservation, roads, cultural and recreation and interest on long-term debt.

**Fund Financial Statements** are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. The County does not have any proprietary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The County maintains 44 individual government funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the major governmental funds. Data from other governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements** provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The largest portion of the County's current fiscal year net position (75%) reflects net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, improvements, buildings, equipment, infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire these assets that is outstanding. The main use of these capital assets is to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Another significant portion of the County's current fiscal year net position (14%) represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following table indicates changes in net position for governmental activities.

## JASPER COUNTY'S CHANGES NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities				
	2016	2015			
REVENUES	<u> </u>				
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 3,520,709	\$ 5,557,460			
Operating grants and contributions	892,181	708,587			
Capital grants and contributions	894,034	1,403,478			
General revenues:					
Taxes - levied for general purposes	13,931,712	13,865,250			
Taxes - levied for debt service	213,222	220,180			
Other taxes	181,729	177,424			
Investment earnings	49,623	56,129			
Gain on sale of assets	-	-			
Miscellaneous	453,175	437,902			
Total revenues	20,136,385	22,426,410			
EXPENSES					
General government	4,565,587	4,236,827			
Judicial	2,209,603	1,968,015			
Legal	737,104	630,630			
Public facilities	701,238	1,601,941			
Public safety	4,908,506	4,799,501			
Health and welfare	490,399	669,701			
Conservation	111,423	104,960			
Roads	5,713,283	4,592,419			
Cultural and recreation	1,598	1,175			
Interest on long-term debt	17,696	26,003			
Total expenses	19,456,437	18,631,172			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	679,948	3,795,238			
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	49,414,541	50,146,274			
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT		( 4,526,971)			
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$50,094,489	\$ <u>49,414,541</u>			

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF MAJOR FUNDS

Governmental Funds. The County's major general government functions are contained in the General Fund. The focus of the County's Governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At December 31, 2016, the County's General Fund reported combined fund balances of \$5,788,279, an increase of \$769,594 from the prior year. This increase is primarily due to a transfer out to another fund.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At December 31, 2016, the General Fund reported revenues of \$13,097,042 and expenditures of \$12,154,428. These amounts represented a \$882,368 increase in revenues, primarily due to \$93,117 increase in property taxes and \$722,962 increase in intergovernmental revenues. The County saw an increase of \$91,988 in expenditures in the General Fund. The increase in expenditures was primarily made up of an increase of \$127,969 to general government expenditures, and a decrease of \$31,549 to public safety, and an increase of \$203,667 to judicial and a decrease of \$310,290 in capital outlay expenditures. The excess of revenues over expenditures was \$942,614, before other financing uses of \$173,020.

At December 31, 2016, the County's Road and Bridge Fund reported a restricted fund balance of \$3,543,127, an increase of \$52,959 from the prior year. This increase is primarily due to increased collections in taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

**Proprietary Funds**. As mentioned earlier, the County has no Proprietary Funds.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, actual revenues were more than budgeted estimates by \$1,237,630. Actual expenditures were less than budgeted estimates by \$421,493, and other financing sources/uses resulted in a negative budget variance of \$162,270. The net effect resulted in a positive variance of \$1,496,853.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2016, amounted to \$37,710,142 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and other tangible and intangible assets. This amount decreased by \$674,506.

**Long-term Debt**. At December 31, 2016, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$8,710,010. This amount represents an increase of \$1,664,922 during the fiscal year. For more information on long-term debt, see the note disclosure on page 29.

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Commissioners' Court adopted the County's 2017 budget on September 26, 2016.

For 2017, the property tax rate is .6578 per \$100 valuation. The collection rate for the 2017 budget was based on a 97% collection rate compared to a 98% collection rate in the prior year.

# REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the County Auditor's Office, 150 N. Austin Street, Jasper, Texas 75951.



# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



# JASPER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016

DECEMBER 31, 2016	
	Primary Government
	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 15,868,995
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	
Accounts	2,106,456
Taxes	4,100,084
Due from other governments	481,963
Prepaid items	5,000
Capital assets:	
Land	862,849
Construction in progress	4,114,229
Buildings	15,211,045
Equipment and furniture	6,500,543
Infrastructure	31,798,259
Less: accumulated depreciation	( 20,776,783)
Total capital assets	37,710,142
Total assets	60,272,640
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	3,671,020
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,671,020
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	452,097
Accrued liabilities	151,278
Accrued interest payable	4,691
Unearned revenue	210,411
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	237,452
Due in more than one year	8,472,558
Total liabilities	9,528,487
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property taxes received in advance of fiscal year levy	4,066,626
Deferred inflows related to pensions	254,058
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,320,684
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	37,455,142
Restricted for:	37,733,172
Records management and preservation	734,956
Court technology and security	147,924
Tax assessment and collection services	293
Jury services	30,620
Court system	26,612
Law library	236,743
Forfeitures	54,347
Check collection and processing	1,989
Foster care	477,348
Law enforcement	160,412
Historical commission	3,387
Indigent welfare	190,400
Debt service	131,620
Roads	3,543,127
Unrestricted	6,899,569
Total net position	\$ 50,094,489



# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets					
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Primary Government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	4,565,587	\$	1,098,749	\$	715,385	\$	894,034	\$(	1,857,419)
Judicial		2,209,603		30,848		-		-	(	2,178,755)
Legal		737,104		346,900		72,785		-	(	317,419)
Public facilities		701,238		-		-		-	(	701,238)
Public safety		4,908,506		1,183,194		41,526		-	(	3,683,786)
Health and welfare		490,399		83,494		62,485		-	(	344,420)
Conservation		111,423		-		-		-	(	111,423)
Roads		5,713,283		777,524		-		-	(	4,935,759)
Cultural and recreation		1,598		-		-		-	(	1,598)
Interest on long-term debt	_	17,696	_			-			(	17,696)
Total governmental activities	\$ <u></u>	19,456,437	\$_	3,520,709	\$	892,181	\$	894,034	(	14,149,513)
		neral revenues: Taxes:								
			s lev	ied for genera	1 nurno	ses				13,931,712
				ied for debt se		505				213,222
		Other taxes	, ic ,	ica for acce se	7 1100					181,729
		Investment earn	ninos							49,623
		Miscellaneous	55							453,175
				revenues						14,829,461
		_								
		Chan	ige in	net position						679,948
	Ne	position, begin	ning							49,414,541
	Ne	t position, endir	ng						\$	50,094,489



# JASPER COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

	General		Road and Bridge	G	Other overnmental	G	Total overnmental
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,689,514	\$	3,741,325	\$	2,438,156	\$	15,868,995
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)							
Accounts	186,132		1,887,665		32,659		2,106,456
Taxes	2,582,384		1,245,381		272,319		4,100,084
Due from other funds	29,329		1,100,625		219,696		1,349,650
Due from other governments	458,122		19,999		3,842		481,963
Prepaid expenditures	5,000		-		-		5,000
Total assets	12,950,481		7,994,995		2,966,672		23,912,148
LIABILITIES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	256,591		156,032		39,474		452,097
Other liabilities	108,657		38,341		4,280		151,278
Due to other funds	1,310,722		24,783		14,145		1,349,650
Unearned revenue	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		- -		210,411		210,411
Total liabilities	1,675,970		219,156	_	268,310		2,163,436
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	2,580,772		1,244,592		274.751		4,100,115
Property taxes received in advance of fiscal year levy	2,755,857		1,100,625		210,144		4,066,626
Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees	149,603		1,887,495		30,689		2,067,787
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,486,232		4,232,712		515,584		10,234,528
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	2,100,202	-	1,202,712		610,001	-	10,20 .,020
Fund balances:							
Restricted for:					724.056		724.056
Records management and preservation	-		-		734,956		734,956
Court technology and security Tax assessment and collection services	-		-		147,924 293		147,924 293
Jury services	-		-		30,620		30,620
Court system	_		-		26,612		26,612
Law library	_		-		236,743		236,743
Forfeitures	_		-		54,347		54,347
Check collection and processing	_		_		1,989		1,989
Foster care			_		477,348		477,348
Law enforcement	_		_		160,412		160,412
Historical commission	_		_		3,387		3,387
Indigent welfare	_		_		190,400		190,400
Debt service	_		_		131,620		131,620
Roads	_		3,543,127		-		3,543,127
Unassigned	5,788,279		-	(	13,873)		5,774,406
Total fund balances	5,788,279		3,543,127		2,182,778		11,514,184
	3,700,277		3,343,127		2,102,770	-	11,514,104
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	ф. 12.050.401	Φ.	5.004.005	ф	2.044.472		
and fund balances	\$ 12,950,481	-	7,994,995	\$	2,966,672		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finan-	_						
are not reported in the funds.		_					37,710,142
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-	period expenditures	and, t	therefore, are rep	orted	as		
deferred inflows of resources in the funds.							6,167,902
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	period and therefor	e are	not reported in th	ne fun	ds.	(	5,297,739)
Net position of governmental activities						\$	50,094,489



# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Road General and Bridge		G	Other sovernmental	Total Governmental		
REVENUES				<u> </u>				
Taxes	\$	9,706,073	\$	3,893,867	\$	772,478	\$	14,372,418
License and fees	Ψ	934,215	Ψ	-	Ψ	217,859	Ψ	1,152,074
Fines and forfeitures		599,579		193,142		11,181		803,902
Intergovernmental		1,591,783		523,690		436,066		2,551,539
Auto registration		-		714,496		-		714,496
Interest		25,828		15,574		8,221		49,623
Other		239,564		168,011		35,706		443,281
Total revenues		13,097,042	_	5,508,780		1,481,511		20,087,333
EXPENDITURES								
General government		3,715,446		446,379		219,124		4,380,949
Judicial		2,166,560		-		34,890		2,201,450
Legal		691,650		-		42,942		734,592
Public facilities		635,455		-		53,461		688,916
Public safety		4,483,133		-		67,635		4,550,768
Health and welfare		-		-		487,496		487,496
Conservation		110,871		-		-		110,871
Roads		-		4,823,885		-		4,823,885
Cultural and recreation		-		-		1,586		1,586
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		175,000		175,000
Interest		-		-		20,808		20,808
Capital outlay		351,313	_	205,861		162,487		719,661
Total expenditures	_	12,154,428	_	5,476,125		1,265,429	_	18,895,982
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	_	942,614	_	32,655	_	216,082	_	1,191,351
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		445		-		181,064		181,509
Transfers out	(	177,472)		-	(	4,037)	(	181,509)
Sale of assets		4,007	_	20,304				24,311
Total other financing sources (uses)	(	173,020)	_	20,304	_	177,027		24,311
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEM		769,594		52,959		393,109		1,215,662
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		769,594		52,959		393,109		1,215,662
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		5,018,685	_	3,490,168		1,789,669		10,298,522
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	5,788,279	\$	3,543,127	\$	2,182,778	\$	11,514,184



# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (page 10) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 12)	\$	1,215,662
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the		
current period.	(	674,506)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		38,763
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term		
debt and related items.		115,091
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	<u>(</u>	15,062)
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 10)	\$ <u></u>	679,948



## **GENERAL FUND**

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 9,758,230	\$ 9,758,230	\$ 9,706,073	\$( 52,157)		
License and fees	864,200	864,200	934,215	70,015		
Fines and forfeitures	570,000	570,000	599,579	29,579		
Intergovernmental	494,299	539,946	1,591,783	1,051,837		
Interest	25,887	25,887	25,828	( 59)		
Other	91,149	101,149	239,564	138,415		
Total revenues	11,803,765	11,859,412	13,097,042	1,237,630		
EXPENDITURES						
General government	3,571,928	3,915,098	3,715,446	199,652		
Judicial	1,903,640	2,209,110	2,166,560	42,550		
Legal	695,834	753,477	691,650	61,827		
Public facilities	617,492	635,160	635,455	( 295)		
Public safety	4,412,918	4,580,438	4,483,133	97,305		
Conservation	110,707	111,062	110,871	191		
Capital outlay	223,893	371,576	351,313	20,263		
Total expenditures	11,536,412	12,575,921	12,154,428	421,493		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	267,353	( 716,509)	942,614	1,659,123		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out	( 10,750)	( 10,750)	( 177,472)	( 166,722)		
Sale of assets	<u> </u>		4,007	4,007		
Total other financing sources (uses)	( 10,750)	( 10,750)	( 173,020)	( 162,270)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	256,603	( 727,259)	769,594	1,496,853		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	5,018,685	5,018,685	5,018,685			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 5,275,288	\$ 4,291,426	\$ 5,788,279	\$ 1,496,853		



## ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget	
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts			Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	3,875,594	\$	3,875,594	\$	3,893,867	\$	18,273	
Fines and forfeitures		171,000		171,000		193,142		22,142	
Intergovernmental		49,905		73,925		523,690		449,765	
Auto registration		936,618		936,618		714,496	(	222,122)	
Interest		13,929		13,929		15,574		1,645	
Other	_	133,609		133,609	_	168,011		34,402	
Total revenues	_	5,180,655	_	5,204,675	_	5,508,780		304,105	
EXPENDITURES									
General government		452,760		452,760		446,379		6,381	
Roads		4,564,836		5,447,772		4,823,885		623,887	
Capital outlay		143,460		301,500		205,861		95,639	
Total expenditures	_	5,161,056	_	6,202,032	_	5,476,125		725,907	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	19,599	(	997,357)	_	32,655		1,030,012	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		-	(	146,000)		-		146,000	
Sale of assets		-		-		20,304		20,304	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	(	146,000)	_	20,304		166,304	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		19,599	(	1,143,357)		52,959		1,196,316	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	_	2,709,704	_	2,100,492	_	3,490,168		1,389,676	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	2,729,303	\$	957,135	\$_	3,543,127	\$	2,585,992	



# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# **DECEMBER 31, 2016**

	Private Purpose Trust			
	County Schools	Agency Funds		
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 4,537,333	\$ 5,317,038		
Accounts Receivable	2,619	<del>-</del>		
Total assets	\$ 4,539,952	\$ 5,317,038		
LIABILITIES				
Due to other agencies and individuals	\$5	\$ 5,317,038		
Total liabilities	\$5	\$ 5,317,038		
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for schools	\$ 4,539,947			



# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust
	County Schools
ADDITIONS Contributions Investment earnings Total additions	\$ 51,477
DEDUCTIONS	( 71,796)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	52,279
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING	4,487,668
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$4,539,947



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2016**

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

Jasper County, Texas (the "County") operates using a commission form of government under the laws and statutes of the Constitution of the State of Texas. The County provides various services to advance the welfare, health, comfort, safety and convenience of the County and its inhabitants.

The accounting and reporting policies of the County relating to the funds included in the accompanying financial statements conform to the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present Jasper County, Texas (the primary government) and its component units. There are no component units which meet the criteria for inclusion in the County's reporting entity.

<u>Related Organizations</u> – The Commissioners and the County Judge are responsible for appointing a voting majority of the members of several organizations, but the County's accountability for those organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

#### **B.** Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County has no business-type activities, or component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenue* includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, sales taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Road and Bridge Fund* is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, mostly taxes and fees that are legally restricted to expenditures for street and highway improvements.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

#### Fiduciary Fund Types:

The *Private-purpose Trust Fund* is used to account for investments, interest, rents and royalties for the benefit of various school districts in the County. The revenues are distributed to the various school districts.

**Agency Funds** are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and Enterprise Funds, subject to this same limitation. The County has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

## D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The government's cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and certificates of deposit.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the government are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

#### **Receivables and Payables**

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Trade accounts receivable based on 2003 historical collection rates receivable allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 21% of current year tax levy at December 31, 2016.

Property taxes are levied on October 1 and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Statements are mailed on October 1, or as soon thereafter as possible, and are due upon receipt. All unpaid taxes become delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the following year.

#### **Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Jasper County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category in the government-wide statement of net position, which is deferred outflows related to pensions.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position of fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has twos type of item in the government-wide financial statements to report in this category. The County is reporting a balance for advance property tax collections and a deferred inflow related to pensions in the government-wide statement of net position. Additionally, the County has items, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. The advance collections of property taxes are deferred inflows of resources as well as unavailable revenues for property taxes and court fines and fees.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	15 - 39
Equipment	5 - 7
Infrastructure	15

#### **Compensated Absences**

County employees earn 12 days of vacation with pay per year during the first 4 years of employment, 15 days of vacation with pay per year with after more than 5 years but less than a 9 years of employment, and 18 days of vacation with pay per year for after more than 10 years continuous employment. Employees may carry over one year's earned vacation and an additional three days. Vacation in excess of carryover shall be forfeited. Unused sick leave is paid upon retirement, but not termination.

#### **Long-term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Fund Balance Classification**

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they
  are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be
  maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are
  not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's
  intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This
  classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used
  for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be
  expressed by the County Auditor.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances* – *total governmental fund* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$(674,506) difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$	678,866
Sale of capital assets	(	14,022)
Depreciation expense	(	1,339,350)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances -		
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net		
position of governmental activities	\$ <u>(</u>	674,506)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The details of this \$115,090 difference are as follows:

Principle repayments:		
General obligation debt	\$	175,000
OPEB liability	(	108,978)
Net pension liability		49,068
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances -		
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net		
position of governmental activities	\$	115,090

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this (\$15,062) difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$(	18,174)
Interest payable		3,112
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances -		
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net		
position of governmental activities	\$(	15,062)

#### 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Information**

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to December 31, the County Judge and Commissioners prepare operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A budget hearing, advertised in local papers, is conducted at the County Courthouse to obtain taxpayer comments prior to adoption. The budget must be adopted between August 16 and September 30, annually.
- 3. Amendments are made at the beginning of the budget year (January) to record the carry forward of previous year's ending balances.
- 4. The budget is approved based on a line item basis. Any revisions altering the budget requires an amendment and must be approved by the Commissioners' Court.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for Debt Service Funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions.
- 6. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a cash basis.
- 7. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended, by the Commissioners' Court on December 31, 2016. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended.

#### **Deficit Fund Equity**

At December 31, 2016, the District Attorney Supplemental fund has a deficit fund balance of \$1,602. The deficit will be eliminated as resources are obtained (e.g., transfers in or revenues). Additionally, the Jasper County Airport Special Revenue Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$12,271. This deficit will also be eliminated as resources are obtained.

#### 4. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2016, all of the County's \$22,818,239 deposit balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

# Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

			Road		N	Vonmajor
		General		and Bridge	Governmental	
Receivables:						
Taxes		2,778,590	\$	1,340,585	\$	292,333
Accounts		200,488		2,068,787		33,634
Grants		233,820		19,999		3,842
Gross receivables		3,212,898		3,429,371		329,809
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	(	210,562)	(	276,326)	(	20,989)
Net Total						
Receivables	\$	3,002,336	\$	3,153,045	\$	308,820

# **Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2016, was as follows:

# **Primary Government**

·	Beginning Balance	Increases		Increases		Increases Decreases		Increases Decreases		Ending Balance	
Governmental activities:											
Capital assets, not bring depreciated:											
Land	\$ 862,849	\$	-	\$	-	\$	862,849				
CIP	 6,437,258	_	33,475		2,356,504	_	4,114,229				
Total assets not being depreciated	 7,300,107		33,475		2,356,504		4,977,078				
Capital assets, being depreciated:											
Buildings	14,944,459		266,586		-		15,211,045				
Equipment	6,263,511		378,805		141,773		6,500,543				
Infrastructure	 29,441,755		2,356,504				31,798,259				
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 50,649,725		3,001,895		141,773		53,509,847				
Less accumulated deprecation:											
Buildings	3,449,282		224,731		-		3,674,013				
Equipment	5,261,991		374,386		127,751		5,508,626				
Infrastructure	 10,853,911	_	740,233		_	_	11,594,144				
Total accumulated deprecation	 19,565,184		1,339,350		127,751		20,776,783				
Total capital assets being											
depreciated, net	 31,084,541	_	1,662,545		14,022		32,733,064				
Governmental activities capital											
assets, net	\$ 38,384,648	\$	1,696,020	\$	2,370,526	\$	37,710,142				

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 125,325
Public safety	342,904
Road and bridge	863,222
Public facility	 7,899
	\$ 1,339,350

#### **Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers**

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2016, is as follows:

#### Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General	Nonmajor Governmental	\$ 14,145
General	Road and bridge	15,184
Nonmajor Governmental	Road and bridge	9,599
Road and Bridge	General	1,100,625
Nonmajor Governmental	General	 210,097
Total		\$ 1,349,650

All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

#### **Interfund transfers:**

	Transfers In				
	General		Nonmajor		
	Fund		Governmental		
Transfer Out:					
General	\$ -	\$	177,472		
Nonmajor Governmental	 445	_	3,592		
Total	\$ 445	\$_	181,064		

Transfers are used to (1) use unrestricted revenues in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (2) transfer funds out of a nonmajor fund to help finance the General Fund.

#### **Long-term Debt**

#### **Certificates of Obligation and Refunding Bonds**

The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. The original amount of general obligation bonds issued in prior years was \$3,500,000.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	 Amount
Governmental activities	4.25% - 5.00%	\$ 255,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	 Governmental Activities				
December 31,	Principal		Interest		
2017	175,000		12,408		
2018	 80,000		3,920		
Total	\$ 255,000	\$	16,328		

The bond obligation contains certain financial limitations and restrictions. The ordinances authorizing the issuance of general obligation bonds created an interest and sinking fund (general debt service fund). The ordinances require the County to ascertain a rate and amount of tax which will be sufficient to pay interest as it comes due and provide a reserve fund which is adequate to meet principal as it matures. The County is in compliance with all such significant financial restrictions.

#### **Changes in Long-term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity (shown in thousands of dollars) for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	Additions Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year			
Government activities									
Certificates of obligation	\$ 430,000	\$	_	\$	175,000	\$	255,000	\$	175,000
Compensated absences	294,088		400,061		381,887		312,262		62,452
OPEB liability	416,422		179,290		70,312		525,400		-
Net pension liability	 5,904,578		2,973,303		1,260,533		7,617,348		
Governmental activities long-term liability	\$ 7,045,088	\$ <u></u>	3,552,654	\$ <u></u>	1,887,732	\$ <u></u>	8,710,010	\$	237,452

Also, for the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

**Plan Description.** The County participates in a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.tcdrs.org">www.tcdrs.org</a>.

All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.

**Benefits Provided.** TCDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS Act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act. Updated annuity purchase rates will go into effect for post-2017 benefit accruals earned after 2017. Benefits accrued before 2018 will not be impacted by this update. This change was reflected in the 2015 actuarial valuation.

#### Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2015 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	128
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	68
Active employees	173
	369

Contributions. The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each entity is determined annually by the actuary and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The replacement life entry age actuarial cost method is used in determining the contribution rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to fund benefits in an orderly manner for each participate over his or her career so that sufficient funds are accumulated by the time benefit payments begin, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 17.88% and 17.89% in calendar years 2015 and 2016, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended December 31, 2015, were \$1,321,709 and were equal to the required contributions.

**Net Pension Liability.** The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 3.0% per year Overall payroll growth 2.5% per year

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members The RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for

males with a two-year set-forward and the RP-2000 Active Employee Mortality Table for females with a four-year setback, both projected to 2014 with scale AA and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale

after that.

Service retirees, beneficiaries and

non-depositing members The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to

2014 with scale AA and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after that, with a one-year set-forward for males and no age adjustment for females.

Disabled retirees

RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2014 with scale AA and then projected with 110% of the MP-

2014 Ultimate scale after that, with no age adjustment for

males and a two-year set-forward for females.

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2015, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2012, except for mortality assumptions. Mortality assumptions were updated for the 2015 valuation to reflect projected improvements.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.0%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The application of the investment return assumption was changed for purposes of determining plan liabilities in the 2015 actuarial valuation. All plan liabilities are now valued using an 8% discount rate. Previously, some liabilities were valued using a 7% discount rate and others were valued using a 9% discount rate.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS is determined by adding inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information below are based on January 2016 information for a 7 to 10 year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2013. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation (1)	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation) (2)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	14.50%	5.45%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index (3)	14.00%	8.45%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	1.50%	5.75%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	10.00%	5.45%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	8.00%	6.45%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	1.00%
High-Yield Bonds	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	5.10%
Opportunistic Credit	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	2.00%	5.09%
Direct Lending	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	5.00%	6.40%
Distressed Debt	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	8.10%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% FRSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index	3.00%	4.00%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	6.80%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (4)	5.00%	6.90%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	25.00%	5.25%

<sup>(1)</sup> Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2016 TCDRS Board meeting.

<sup>(2)</sup> Geometric real rates of return in addition to assumed inflation of 1.6% per Cliffwater's 2016 capital market assumptions.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 8.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statue. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

#### Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension			an Fiduciary	Net Pension		
		Liability (a)	Γ	Net Position (b)	Liability (a) - (b)		
D. I 10/21/2014	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		
Balance at 12/31/2014	\$	33,741,453	\$	27,836,876	\$	5,904,577	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		1,010,822		-		1,010,822	
Interest on total pension liability (1)		2,702,346		-		2,702,346	
Effect of plan changes (2)	(	193,701)		-	(	193,701)	
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(	317,572)		-	(	317,572)	
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		389,362		-		389,362	
Refund of contributions	(	142,150)	(	142,150)		-	
Benefit payments	(	1,837,712)	(	1,837,712)		-	
Administrative expenses		-	(	19,981)		19,981	
Member contributions		-		493,497	(	493,497)	
Net investment income		-		99,833	(	99,833)	
Employer contributions		-		1,260,531	(	1,260,531)	
Other (3)	_			44,606	(	44,606)	
Balance at 12/31/2015	\$	35,352,848	\$	27,735,500	\$	7,617,348	

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

<sup>(2)</sup> Reflects new annuity purchase rates applicable to all TCDRS employers effective January 1, 2018.

<sup>(3)</sup> Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.1%) or 1-percentage-higher (9.1%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease			iscount Rate	1% Increase		
		7.1%		8.1%		9.1%	
Total pension liability	\$	39,596,138	\$	35,352,848	\$	31,795,555	
Fiduciary net position		27,735,499		27,735,500		27,735,499	
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	11,860,639	\$	7,617,348	\$	4,060,056	

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. The report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.tcdrs.org</u>.

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,276,860.

At December 31, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	254,058	\$	77,509	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-		311,489	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		1,939,687	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date				1,342,335	
Total	\$	254,058	\$	3,671,020	

\$1,342,335 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended		
September 30,	-	
2017	\$	542,293
2018		542,293
2019		542,293
2020		447,748

#### Postemployment Health Care Plan

#### **Plan Description and Funding Policy**

Permanent fulltime employees of the County who retire are eligible to participate in the Jasper County Retiree Health Care Plan (JCRHCP). Employees are eligible to retire when they are 60 years of age and have 8 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service, or if their current age plus their years of service equals 75. Retirees may elect to continue medical coverage by paying premiums for the coverage elected until the retiree is eligible for Medicare Part A and Part B coverage, either by age or disability. Employees who qualify under the eligibility requirements for retirement, who are 60 years or older and who have worked the last 12 consecutive years with Jasper County qualify for medical insurance coverage paid by Jasper County until the retiree is eligible for Medicare Part A and Part B coverage, either by age or disability. Employees terminating before normal retirement conditions are not eligible for retiree health benefits. Survivors of employees who die while actively employed are not eligible for retiree health benefits. Surviving dependents of retired members may continue retiree health coverage for up to 36 months through COBRA. Retiree can also elect to continue coverage for eligible spouse, but must pay for the coverage cost of the spouse. Surviving spouse of retired members may continue retiree health care coverage for up to 36 months through COBRA. The County provides a \$5,000 term life insurance policy to retired employees. Life insurance coverage for dependents is not offered. This is offered through TCDRS. Retirees who decide to opt out of health care benefits are not eligible to opt back in at another time. There is no additional stipend provided for those who opt out of retiree health care benefits.

Jasper County is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The current ARC rate is 4.5 percent of annual covered payroll.

#### **Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Benefits**

#### **Annual OPEB Cost**

The County's annual other postemployment benefits (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameter of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of accrual that is projected to recognize the normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The County had its first OPEB actuarial valuation performed for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2008, as required by GASB. The annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, is as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	191,139
Interest on net OPEB obligation		16,657
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(	28,506)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		179,290
Contributions made	(	70,312)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		108,978
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		416,422
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$	525,400

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year ending December 31, 2016, and the two preceding fiscal years were as follows:

Fiscal		Annual	E	mployer			Net
Year	OPEB		Amount		Percentage		OPEB
Ended		Cost	Contributed		Contributed	Obligation	
December 31, 2014	\$	140,525	\$	85,294	60.7%	\$	350,688
December 31, 2015		144,893		79,159	54.6%		416,422
December 31, 2016		179,290		70,312	39.2%		525,400

#### **Funding Status and Funding Progress**

The funded status of the County's retiree health care plan, under GASB Statement No. 45 as of December 31, 2015, is as follows:

		Actuarial		
		Accrued	Unfunded	
Actuarial	Actuarial Value	Liability	AAL	Funded
Valuation Date as	of Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio
of December 31	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)
2015	\$ -	\$ 1,170,721	\$ 1,170,721	0%

Under the reporting parameters, the County's retiree health care plan is 0% funded with an estimated actuarial accrued liability exceeding actuarial assets by \$1,170,721 at December 31, 2015.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method is used to calculate the GASB ARC for the County's retiree health care plan. Using the plan benefits, the present health premiums and a set of actuarial assumptions, the anticipated future payments are projected. The projected unit credit method then provides for a systematic recognition of the cost of these anticipated payments. The yearly ARC is computed to cover the cost of benefits being earned by covered members as well as to amortize a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Projections of health benefits are based on the plan as understood by the County and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the County and its employees to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Inflation rate 2.50% per annum Investment rate of return 4.00%, net of expenses

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit Cost Method
Amortization method Level as a percentage of employee payroll

Amortization period 16-year open amortization

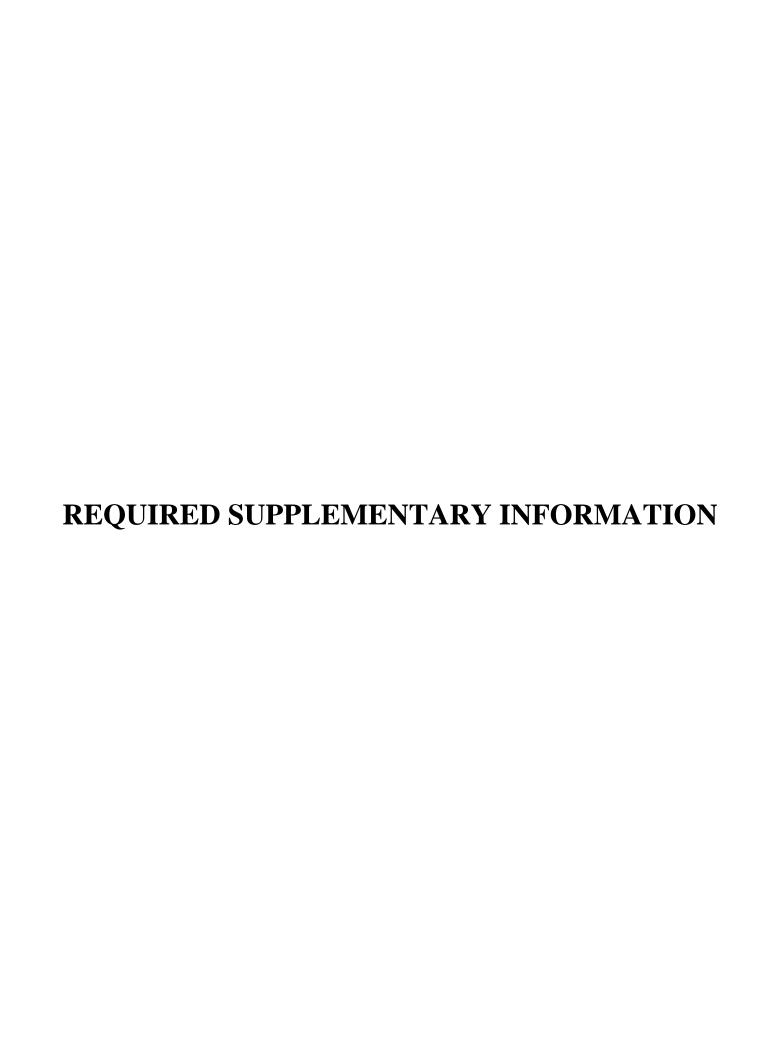
Salary growth 3.00% per annum

Health care cost trend rate

Initial rate of 7.50% declining to an ultimate rate

of 4.75% after 13 years

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status and the annual required contributions of the County's retiree health care plan are estimates are made about the future. The required Schedule of Funding Progress presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.





# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

#### LAST FISCAL YEAR

Plan Year Ended December 31		2014		2015
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$	971,579	\$	1,010,822
Interest total pension liability		2,551,429		2,702,346
Effect of plan changes		-	(	193,701)
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		-		389,362
Effect of economic/demographic				
(gains) or losses		129,180	(	317,572)
Benefit payments/refunds				
of contributions	(	1,831,388)	(	1,979,863)
Net change in total pension liability		1,820,800		1,611,394
Total pension liability - beginning	_	31,920,653		33,741,453
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	33,741,453	\$	35,352,847
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Employer contributions	\$	1,138,612	\$	1,260,531
Member contributions		454,148		493,497
Investment income net of				
investment expenses		1,796,794		99,833
Benefit payments refunds of				
contributions	(	1,831,388)	(	1,979,863)
Administrative expenses	(	20,838)	(	19,981)
Other	_	10,942		44,606
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,548,270	(	101,377)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		26,288,606	_	27,836,876
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		27,836,876		27,735,499
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	5,904,577	\$	7,617,348
Fiduciary net position as a percentage				
of total pension liability		82.50%		78.45%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	6,487,833	\$	7,049,963
Net pension liability as a percentage				
of covered payroll		91.01%		108.05%

## SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

## LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended December 31	D	ctuarially etermined ontribution	Actual Employer ontribution	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll		Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2007	\$	700,153	\$ 700,153	\$	-	\$	4,775,940	14.7%
2008		850,697	850,697		-		5,199,861	16.4%
2009		875,047	875,047		-		5,616,474	15.6%
2010		889,501	889,501		-		5,658,402	15.7%
2011		888,820	888,820		-		5,905,793	15.0%
2012		954,884	954,884		-		6,039,800	15.8%
2013		1,050,450	1,050,450		-		6,374,109	16.5%
2014		1,138,612	1,138,612		-		6,487,833	17.5%
2015		1,260,531	1,260,531		-		7,049,963	17.9%
2016		1,321,709	1,321,709		-		7,387,979	17.9%

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Valuation Timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each

December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in

which contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

14.2 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2015

**Remaining Amortization Period** valuation)

**Asset Valuation Method** 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including

inflation.

**Investment Rate of Return** 8.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

**Retirement Age**Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to

commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The

average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality In the 2015 actuarial valuation, assumed life expectancies were

adjusted as a result of adopting a new projection scale (110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate Scale) for 2014 and later. Previously Scale AA had been used. The base table is the RP-2000 table

projected with Scale AA to 2014.

No changes in plan provisions are reflected in the Schedule of

**Other Information** Employer Contributions.



# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Special Revenue Funds are used to account primarily for revenue from specific taxes and federal grant revenue which by law are designated to finance particular functions or activities of government and which, therefore, cannot be diverted to other uses.
<b>Debt Service Funds</b> are used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.



#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account primarily for revenue from specific taxes and federal grant revenue which by law are designated to finance particular functions or activities of government and which, therefore, cannot be diverted to other uses.

CDA County Forfeiture Sheriff's Forfeiture Federal Forfeiture Preservation Fees - County Clerk Check Collection and Processing Law Library Historical Commission District Court Jury County Records Management District Attorney Supplemental Title IV-E VIT Interest CDA LEOSE Training Constable LEOSE Training Justice Court Technology County Clerk Archive Fees District Clerk Preservation Fees Courthouse Security for JP Offices

Jasper County Development District

Family Protection Fee

Appellate Judicial System

Alternative Dispute Resolution

Indigent Health

Supplemental Court Initiated Guardianship

Sheriff's Office LEOSE Training

Hurricane Ike Category E PW-2417

Hurricane Ike PA Pilot Program Disaster Recovery Funds

Rita Disaster Recovery #2 TX CDBG DRS 07/08

Tax Assessment and Collections Services

County and District Court Technology

County Child Abuse Protection

Court Records Preservation Fee

District Court Records Archive Fee

Hurricane Ike TXCDBG

**Pre-Trial Intervention Program** 

Probate Additional Special Fee

Hurricane Ike Disaster Recovery Funds DRS 220078

County Juvenile Delinquency Prevention

County Clerk Vital Statistics Records Fee

Wingate Blvd. Road Improvements Projects

Jasper County Airport

**Debt Service Funds** are used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

Debt Service Fund

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2016**

	Special Revenue							
		CDA County Forfeiture	Sheriff's Forfeiture		Federal Forfeiture		Preservation Fees County Clerk	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,477	\$	18,684	\$	22,186	\$	20,501
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		535
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments	_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	
Total assets	_	13,477	_	18,684	_	22,186	_	21,036
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-
Other liabilities		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		38
Unearned revenue	_		_	<del>-</del>	_		_	
Total liabilities	_				_		_	38
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		-		-
Property taxes received in advance of fiscal year levy		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees				-				535
Total deferred inflows of resources	_		_		_		_	535
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for:								
Records management and preservation		-		-		-		20,463
Court technology and security		-		-		-		-
Tax assessment and collection services		-		-		-		-
Jury services		-		-		-		-
Court system Law library		-		-		-		-
Forfeitures		13,477		18,684		22,186		-
Check collection and processing		-		-		-		_
Foster care		_		_		_		_
Law enforcement		_		-		_		-
Historical commission		-		-		-		-
Indigent welfare		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Unassigned	_	-	_	-	_		_	-
Total fund balances	_	13,477	_	18,684	_	22,186	_	20,463
Total liabilities, deferred outflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$_	13,477	\$	18,684	\$	22,186	\$_	21,036

Co	Check Collection and Processing		Law Library		Historical Commission		District Court Jury		County Records anagement	District Attorney Supplemental	
\$		\$	238,579	\$	3,387	\$	27,258	\$	174,300	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		21,686		-
	-		-		-		- 2.942		-		-
						-	3,842			-	-
	1,990		238,579		3,387		31,100		195,986		
	-		1,836		-		480		139		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	1		-		-		-		-		1,602
	1		1,836		-		480		139		1,602
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-	-	-	-	<del>-</del>		21,686		-
	<u> </u>								21,686		-
	-		-		-		-		174,161		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		30,620		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		236,743		-		-		-		-
	- 1,989		-		_		-		-		-
	-		_		_		-		-		_
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		3,387		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-	(	1,602
	1,989		236,743		3,387		30,620		174,161	(	1,602
-	1,709		230,743	-	3,307		30,020	-	1/4,101	(	1,002
\$	1,990	\$	238,579	\$	3,387	\$	31,100	\$	195,986	\$	-

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2016

			Specia	l Revenu	e		
	 Title IV-E	VIT	Γ Interest		OA Leose Training	I	onstable LEOSE Training
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 477,360	\$	-	\$	5,991	\$	9,145
Taxes receivable	-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable	-		-		-		-
Due from other funds	-		-		-		-
Due from other governments	 	-				-	
Total assets	 477,360				5,991		9,145
LIABILITIES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	-		-		-		-
Other liabilities	-		-		-		-
Due to other funds	12		-		-		-
Unearned revenue	 		-				-
Total liabilities	 12				-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	-		-		-		-
Property taxes received in advance of fiscal year levy	-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees	 		-		-	<u></u>	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 						
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted for:							
Records management and preservation	-				-		-
Court technology and security	-		-		-		-
Tax assessment and collection services	-		-		-		-
Jury services	-		-		-		-
Court system	-		-		-		-
Law library	-		-		-		-
Forfeitures	-		-		-		-
Check collection and processing Foster care	477,348		-		-		-
Law enforcement	477,348		_		5,991		9,145
Historical commission	_		_		-		-
Indigent welfare	_		_		_		_
Debt service	_		_		_		_
Unassigned	-		_		-		_
Total fund balances	477,348				5,991		9,145
Total liabilities, deferred outflows of	 						
resources and fund balances	\$ 477,360	\$	_	\$	5,991	\$	9,145

	Justice Court echnology		County Clerk Archive Fees	District Clerk esservation Fees		Courthouse Security for JP Offices	Dev	Jasper County Development District		Family Protection Fee
\$	92,888	\$	479,570	\$ 15,923	\$	48,158	\$	2,586	\$	37,718
	662		-	2,185		89		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	93,550		479,570	 18,108		48,247		2,586		37,718
	2,058		-	-		-		2,586		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-			 						-
	2,058			 <u> </u>		<del>-</del>		2,586		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	- 661		-	2,185		- 88		-		-
_	661			 2,185	_	88				-
	_		479,570	15,923		-		-		<u>-</u>
	90,831		-	-		48,159		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		37,718
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		_		-
	90,831	_	479,570	 15,923	_	48,159		-	_	37,718
\$	93,550	\$	479,570	\$ 18,108	\$	48,247	\$	2,586	\$	37,718

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2016

			Special	Reven	ue		
	Appellate Judicial System	Alternative Dispute Resolution		Indigent Health		Cour	plemental t Initiated rdianship
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 539	\$	3,667	\$	225,014	\$	22,891
Taxes receivable	-		-		141,271		-
Accounts receivable	-		-		-		-
Due from other funds	-		-		152,653		-
Due from other governments	 -						
Total assets	 539		3,667		518,938		22,891
LIABILITIES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	-		-		32,375		-
Other liabilities	485		-		1,975		-
Due to other funds	-		-		109		-
Unearned revenue	 		-		-		-
Total liabilities	 485				34,459		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	-		-		141,381		-
Property taxes received in advance of fiscal year levy	-		-		152,698		-
Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees	 				=		
Total deferred inflows of resources	 				294,079		
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted for:							
Records management and preservation	-		-		-		-
Court technology and security	-		-		-		-
Tax assessment and collection services	-		-		-		-
Jury services	-		-		-		-
Court system	54		3,667		-		22,891
Law library Forfeitures	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
Check collection and processing	-		-		-		-
Foster care Law enforcement	-		-		-		-
Historical commission	-		-		_		-
Indigent welfare	<u>-</u> _		<del>-</del>		190,400		-
Debt service	_		-		-		-
Unassigned	_		_		_		_
Total fund balances	 54		3,667	-	190,400		22,891
Total liabilities, deferred outflows of				-	<u> </u>		
resources and fund balances	\$ 539	\$	3,667	\$	518,938	\$	22,891

Offic	neriff's e LEOSE aining	Cat	icane Ike egory E V-2417	I Progr	rricane Ike PA Pilot ram Disaster overy Funds	Rita Rec TX	Disaster overy #2 CDBG S 07/08	Wate	Evadale WSC er Improvements TX CDBG 7215251	Ass	Tax sessment collections ervices	Dist	unty and rict Court chnology
\$	6,564	\$	24,482	\$	121,971	\$	-	\$	-	\$	56,558	\$	6,064
	-		-		-		-		-		-		3,569
	-		-		9,597		-		-		-		-
-					-		-		-			-	-
	6,564		24,482	_	131,568		-	_	-		56,558		9,633
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		1,820 84		-
	-		24,482		131,568		-		-		54,361		-
	-		24,482		131,568		-	_	-		56,265		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-	_	<del>-</del>		-		3,569
							-	_	<u> </u>				3,569
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		293		6,064
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		_		-		_		-		-
	6,564		-		_		-		_		_		_
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	6,564				<u>-</u>			_	<u>-</u>		293		6,064
	0,504							_		-		-	0,004
\$	6,564	\$	24,482	\$	131,568	\$		\$		\$	56,558	\$	9,633

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2016

				Special	Rev	renue		
		County Child Abuse Protection		Court Records Preservation Fee	_	District Court Records Archive Fee		Pre-trial Intervention Program
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,037	\$	15,944	\$	20,253	\$	98,947
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		1,965		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments			_		_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>
Total assets		4,002	_	15,944	_	20,253	_	98,947
LIABILITIES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-
Other liabilities		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		28		-		-
Unearned revenue		<u> </u>	_		_		_	-
Total liabilities		-	_	28	_		_	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		-		-
Property taxes received in advance of fiscal year levy		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - court fines and fees		1,965	_		_	=		=
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	1,965	_		_		_	
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for:								
Records management and preservation		-		15,916		20,253		-
Court technology and security		-		-		-		-
Tax assessment and collection services		-		-		-		-
Jury services Court system		-		-		-		-
Law library		-		-		-		-
Forfeitures		_		_		_		_
Check collection and processing		_		_		_		_
Foster care		-		-		-		-
Law enforcement		2,037		-		-		98,947
Historical commission		-		-		-		-
Indigent welfare		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Unassigned			_		_		_	
Total fund balances		2,037	_	15,916	_	20,253	_	98,947
Total liabilities, deferred outflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	4,002	\$_	15,944	\$_	20,253	\$_	98,947

Ad	robate ditional pecial	Hurricane Ike Disaster Recovery Funds	Special F County Juvenile Delinquency	County Clerk Vital Statistics	Wingate Blvd. Road Improvements	Jasper	Debt Service	
	Fee	DRS 220078	Prevention	Records Fee	Project	Airport	Debt Service	Totals
	2,838	\$ -	\$ 10	\$ 8,670	\$ 32	\$ -	\$ 131,974 \$	2,438,15
	-	-	-	-	-	-	131,048	272,31
	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,968	32,65
	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,446	219,69
								3,84
	2,838		10	8,670	32		322,436	2,966,67
								39,47
	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	4,28
	_	-	_	-	_	12,271	-	14,14
	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	210,4
	_					12,271		268,3
						12,271		200,5
	-	-	-	-	-	-	133,370	274,7
	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,446	210,1
								30,6
	-						190,816	515,5
	-	-	-	8,670	-	-	-	734,9
	2,838	-	-	-	32	-	-	147,9
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,6
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,6
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	236,7
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,3
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,9 477,3
	_	-	10	-	-	- -	-	160,4
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,3
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	190,4
	-	-	-	-	-	-	131,620	131,6
	_					( 12,271)		13,8
_	2,838	-	10	8,670	32	( 12,271)	131,620	2,182,7

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Special Revenue Preservation CDA Fees County Sheriff's Federal County Forfeiture Forfeiture Forfeiture Clerk **REVENUES** \$ \$ \$ Taxes \$ Licenses and fees 60,752 Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental Interest 21 29 29 39 7,075 Other 21 29 7,104 60,791 Total revenues **EXPENDITURES** General government 57,665 Judicial Legal Public facilities Public safety 4,400 Cultural and recreation Health and welfare Debt service Principal Interest Capital outlay 4,400 57,665 Total expenditures **EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES** 21 4,371) 7,104 3,126 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 3,592 3,592) Transfers out 3,592 3,592) Total other financing sources (uses) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 21 779) 3,512 3,126 13,456 19,463 18,674 17,337 **FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING FUND BALANCES, ENDING** 13,477 18,684 22,186 20,463

Co	Check Collection and Processing		Law Library		storical nmission		District Court Jury	F	County Records nagement	District Attorney Supplemental	
\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	1,107		24,191		-		-		11,836		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		660		- 11		9,894 96		- 484		27,500 2
	-		-		691		-		-		_
	1,107		24,851		702		9,990		12,320		27,502
	1,107		24,631		702		9,990		12,320		21,302
	-		-		-		-		1,470		-
	-		-		-		18,054		-		-
	6,047		11,800		-		-		-		25,095
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		- 1,586		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	_		_		_		_		_		_
	_		_		_		_		_		_
	_		480		_		_		_		_
	6,047		12,280		1,586		18,054		1,470		25,095
(	4,940)		12,571	(	884)	(	8,064)		10,850		2,407
	-		-		750		-		-		_
	-		_		-		-		-		_
	-		-		750		-		-		-
(	4,940)		12,571	(	134)	(	8,064)		10,850		2,407
	6,929		224,172		3,521		38,684		163,311	(	4,009
\$	1,989	\$	236,743	\$	3,387	\$	30,620	\$	174,161	\$(	1,602

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Special Revenue Constable CDA LEOSE LEOSE VIT Interest Training Title IV-E Training **REVENUES** \$ \$ \$ \$ Taxes Licenses and fees Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental 32,884 665 3,975 Interest 2,016 751 17 Other 34,900 751 Total revenues 682 3,975 **EXPENDITURES** General government 68 Judicial Legal Public facilities Public safety 60,770 Cultural and recreation Health and welfare Debt service Principal Interest Capital outlay 60,770 68 Total expenditures **EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES** 25,870) 683 682 3,975 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 25,870) 683 682 3,975 5,309 503,218 683) 5,170 **FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING** 5,991

477,348

9,145

**FUND BALANCES, ENDING** 

	Justice Court Technology		County Clerk Archive Fees		District Clerk Preservation Fees		ourthouse Security for JP Offices	Dev	Jasper County velopment District	Family Protection Fee	
\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
	-		60,339		4,860		4,854		-		2,685
			-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	264		1,280		39		131		-		104
	19,603			-	-		- 4.005				- 2.700
_	19,867	-	61,619		4,899		4,985		<u> </u>		2,789
	14,011		_		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		597		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		_		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	10,869		-		-		-		-		-
_	24,880						597		-		
(	5,013)		61,619		4,899		4,388				2,789
	-		_		-		-		_		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
(	5,013)		61,619		4,899		4,388		-		2,789
_	95,844		417,951		11,024		43,771		-		34,929
\$	90,831	\$	479,570	\$	15,923	\$	48,159	\$	-	\$	37,718

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

				Special R	evenue		
	J	appellate Judicial System	Γ	ernative Dispute solution	Indigent Health	Supplemental Court Initiated Guardianship	
REVENUES	Φ.		Ф		550.265	Φ.	
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	559,365	\$	-
Licenses and fees		-		3,060	-		2 120
Fines and forfeitures		-		8,061	-		3,120
Intergovernmental Interest		3		10	62,485 1,022		62
					1,022		
Other					<del>-</del>		
Total revenues		3		11,131	622,872		3,182
EXPENDITURES							
General government		_		-	-		-
Judicial		_		16,486	-		350
Legal		-		-	-		-
Public facilities		-		-	-		-
Public safety		-		-	-		-
Cultural and recreation		-		-	-		-
Health and welfare		-		-	487,496		-
Debt service							
Principal		-		-	-		-
Interest		-		-	-		-
Capital outlay				-			
Total expenditures				16,486	487,496		350
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		3	(	5,355)	135,376		2,832
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		-		-	-		-
Transfers out				-			
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		3	(	5,355)	135,376		2,832
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		51		9,022	55,024		20,059
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u></u>	54	\$ <u></u>	3,667	\$	\$	22,891

Of	Sheriff's ffice LEOSE	Hurricane Ike Category E	PA Prograi	cane Ike A Pilot m Disaster	Rita Red TX	al Revenue a Disaster covery #2 K CDBG	I	Evadale WSC er Improvement TX CDBG	and	Tax ssessment Collections	Dist	unty and rict Court
	Training	PW-2417	Recov	ery Funds	DI	RS 07/08		7215251		Services	Tec	chnology
\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
	-	-		-		-		-		-		1,071
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	2,933	-		-		-		33,475		77,315		-
	20	-		-		-		-		154		16
			<u> </u>	-		-	_			8,337		-
	2,953	-	<u> </u>	-		-	_	33,475		85,806		1,087
	-	-		_		_		-		129,495		_
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		33,475		-		-
	1,065	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,065			-		-	_	33,475		129,495		_
	1,888	_							(	43,689)		1,087
	1,000		<u> </u>				_			+3,007)		1,007
	-	-		-		-		-		10,000		-
					(	445	_	-				
			<u> </u>		(	445)	_			10,000		
	1,888	-		-	(	445)	)	-	(	33,689)		1,087
	4,676					445	<u> </u>			33,982		4,977
\$	6,564	\$	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	293	\$	6,064

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

				Special 1	Revenue		
		County hild Abuse Protection		Court Records Preservation Fee	District Court Records Archive Fee		Pre-trial Intervention Program
REVENUES	Φ.						
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Licenses and fees Fines and forfeitures		433		8,925	9,061		22,912
Intergovernmental		-		_	-		-
Interest		5		55	53		255
Other		-		-	-		-
Total revenues	_	438	_	8,980	9,114	· –	23,167
EXPENDITURES							
General government		-		12,075	4,340		-
Judicial		-		-	-		-
Legal		-		-	-		-
Public facilities		-		-	-		-
Public safety		-		-	-		-
Cultural and recreation  Health and welfare		-		-	-		-
Debt service		-		-	-		-
Principal							
Interest		_		_	_		_
		-		-	-		-
Capital outlay			_	12.075	- 4.240		<del>-</del>
Total expenditures			_	12,075	4,340		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		438	(	3,095)	4,774	- –	23,167
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		-		-	-		-
Transfers out		-	_		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)			_				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		438	(	3,095)	4,774		23,167
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,599	_	19,011	15,479		75,780
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	2,037	\$	15,916	\$ 20,253	\$	98,947

			Special	Revenue			Debt Service			
Probate Additional Special Fee		Hurricane Ike Disaster Recovery Funds DRS 220078	County Juvenile Delinquency Prevention	County Clerk Vital Statistics Records Fee	Wingate Blvd. Road Improvements Project	Jasper County Airport	Debt Service Funds	Totals		
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 213,113 \$	772,478		
	720	-	-	1,053	-	-	-	217,859		
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,181		
	-	-	-	-	-	184,940	-	436,066		
	7	-	-	25	-	-	561	8,221		
	-							35,706		
	727			1,078		184,940	213,674	1,481,511		
	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	219,124		
	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	34,890		
	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	42,942		
	-	19,986	-	-	-	-	-	53,461		
	-	-	-	-	-	-	803	67,635		
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,586		
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	487,496		
	-	-	-	-	-	-	175,000	175,000		
	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,808	20,808		
	-					151,138		162,487		
	-	19,986				151,138	196,611	1,265,429		
	727	( 19,986)	<del>-</del>	1,078	<u> </u>	33,802	17,063	216,082		
	-	166,722	-	-	-	-	-	181,064		
	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	( 4,037)		
_	-	166,722						177,027		
	727	146,736	-	1,078	-	33,802	17,063	393,109		
	2,111	( 146,736)	10	7,592	32	( 46,073)	114,557	1,789,669		
\$	2,838	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>10</u>	\$ 8,670	\$ 32	\$ <u>( 12,271)</u>	\$ <u>131,620</u> \$	2,182,778		



# **FIDUCIARY FUNDS**

Forfeiture Holding
Medical Insurance
State Fee Account
County Clerk
Tax Assessor Collector
District Clerk
District Court Royalty
1 <sup>st</sup> Judicial District Juvenile Probation
1 <sup>st</sup> Judicial District CSCD Probation
Sheriff
Justice of the Peace 1 Clearing Account
Justice of the Peace 2 Clearing Account
Justice of the Peace 3 Clearing Account
Justice of the Peace 4 Clearing Account
Justice of the Peace 5 Clearing Account
Justice of the Peace 6 Clearing Account
1st Judicial District CSCD Special
National Forest

Criminal District Attorney

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

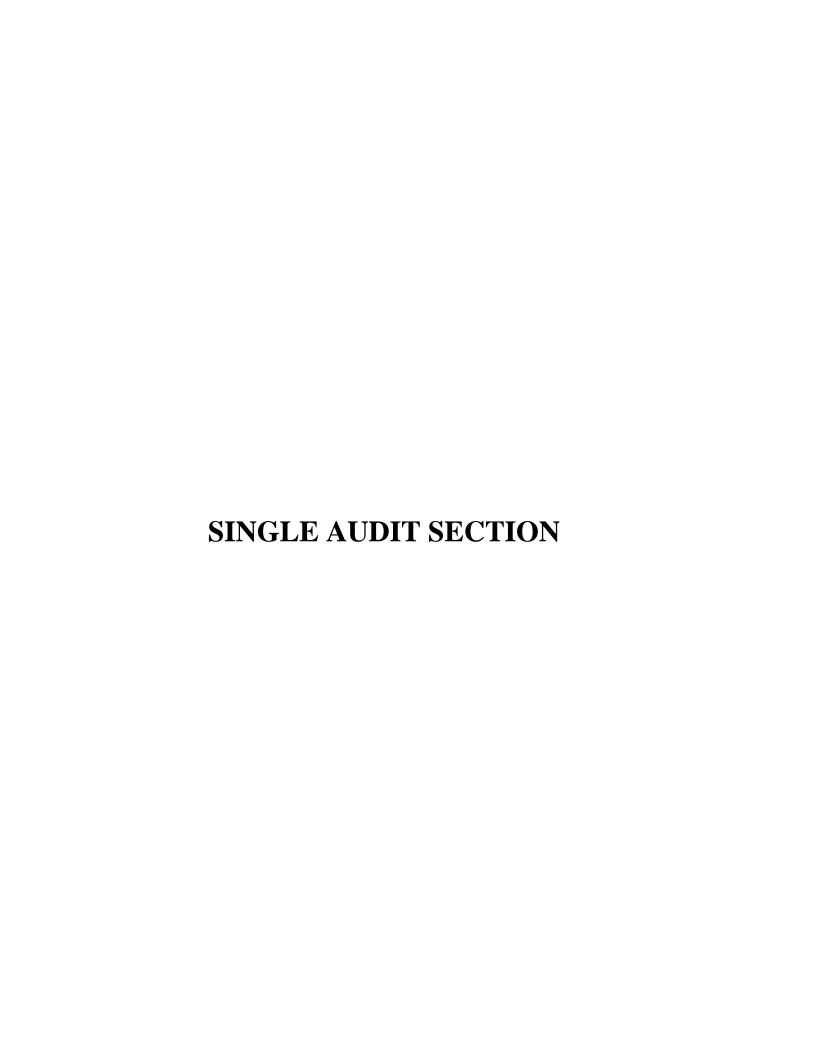
## **DECEMBER 31, 2016**

			State				District	
	Forfeiture Medical		Fee	County	Tax Assessor	District	Court	
	Holding	Insurance	Account	Clerk	Collector	Clerk	Royalty	
ASSETS								
Cash	\$ 156,138	\$ 950,341	\$ 204,368	\$ 285,673	\$ 2,340,539	\$ 205,005	\$ 179,841	
Total assets	\$ 156,138	\$ 950,341	\$ 204,368	\$ 285,673	\$ 2,340,539	\$ 205,005	\$ 179,841	
LIABILITIES								
Due to other agencies								
and individuals	\$ 156,138	\$950,341	\$204,368	\$ 285,673	\$ 2,340,539	\$ 205,005	\$ 179,841	
Total liabilities	\$ 156,138	\$ 950,341	\$ 204,368	\$ 285,673	\$ 2,340,539	\$ 205,005	\$ 179,841	

1st Judicial District Juvenile Probation		1st Judicial District CSCD Probation		Sheriff		Justice of the Peace 1 Clearing Account		Justice of the Peace 2 Clearing Account		Justice of the Peace 3 Clearing Account	
\$	288,708	\$	562,877	\$	83,476	\$	4,534	\$	11,659	\$	14,830
\$	288,708	\$	562,877	\$	83,476	\$ <u></u>	4,534	\$ <u></u>	11,659	\$ <u></u>	14,830
\$	288,708	\$	562,877	\$	83,476	\$	4,534	\$	11,659	\$	14,830
\$	288,708	\$	562,877	\$	83,476	\$	4,534	\$	11,659	\$	14,830

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2016

	the C	Justice of the Peace 4 Clearing Account		Justice of the Peace 5 Clearing Account		Justice of the Peace 6 Clearing Account		Criminal District Attorney		Totals	
ASSETS											
Cash	\$	10,042	\$	8,731	\$	9,494	\$	782	\$	5,317,038	
Total assets	\$ <u></u>	10,042	\$	8,731	\$	9,494	\$ <u></u>	782	\$	5,317,038	
LIABILITIES											
Due to other agencies											
and individuals	\$	10,042	\$	8,731	\$	9,494	\$	782	\$	5,317,038	
Total liabilities	\$	10,042	\$	8,731	\$	9,494	\$	782	\$	5,317,038	







#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court of Jasper County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jasper County, Texas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Jasper County, Texas' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2017.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Jasper County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Jasper County, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jasper County, Texas' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

956.544.7778

TEMPLE, TX



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Jasper County, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas

September 29, 2017

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.



# PATTILLO, BROWN & HILL, L.L.P. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court of Jasper County, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Jasper County, Texas' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Jasper County, Texas' major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2016. Jasper County, Texas' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Jasper County, Texas' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Jasper County, Texas' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.



We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Jasper County, Texas' compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Jasper County, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2016.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of Jasper County, Texas, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Jasper County, Texas' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program as a basis for determining auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Jasper County, Texas' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas September 29, 2017

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Entity Identifying	Expenditures	Pass-thru Expenditures
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture				
TxCDBG Water Improvements Project	14.228	7215251	\$ 33,475	\$
Total Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture			33,475	
Total U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			33,475	
U. S. Department of Justice				
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2807702	47,850	
Total program 16.575			47,850	
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A	757	
Mental Health Officer	16.738	2709803	19,822	-
Mental Health Officer	16.738	2709804	13,635	
Total program 16.738			33,457	
Total U. S. Department of Justice			82,064	
Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed through the Texas Department of Family & Protective Services				
Title IV-E Foster Care	93.645	23939002	32,868	
Passed through the Office of the Attorney General				
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	n/a	27,994	
Total Department of Health and Human Services			60,862	
U. S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed through the Texas Department of Public Safety				
Division of Emergency Management:	07.006	EEL ( ) (222 E.E. EEL	450 540	
Public Assistance Grant, DR 4223 Public Assistance Grant, DR 4245		FEMA-4223-DR-TX FEMA-4245-DR-TX	*	-
Public Assistance Grant, DR 4243  Public Assistance Grant, DR 4266		FEMA-4266-DR-TX	,	-
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042		39,668	-
Emergency Management refrontiance Grant	J1.042	101X-LWI G-042)	27,000	
Total Passed through the Texas Department of Public Safety				
Division of Emergency Management			748,930	
Passed through the Office of the Governor				
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	2958601	3,704	
Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security			752,634	
Total Federal Awards			\$ 929,035	\$

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2016**

#### 1. GENERAL

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all applicable federal award programs of Jasper County, Texas. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is described in Note 1 of the financial statements.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

#### **Summary of Auditors' Results**

Financial Statements:

Type of auditors' report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None

Noncompliance material to financial statements

noted? None

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section

2 CFR 200.516(a) None

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number(s)

#97.036

Name of Federal Program or Cluster:

Disaster Recovery - Public Assistance

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

#### Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None

# Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

None

## SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

None